

WELCOME TO ROSEVILLE UNIVERSITY



City Budget 101 May 21, 2015



Tonight's Syllabus:

- □ Section 1: General overview of the Budget
- ☐ Section 2: Discussion on the Budget process
- □ Section 3: Determining Budget priorities
- □ Section 4: Summary of the 2015 Budget



- ☐ How do we define the City Budget?
 - a) A general plan on how we allocate (spend) resources
 - b) All spending must be for a <u>lawful</u> public purpose
 - c) Adopted by the City Council
 - d) The Budget can be amended (modified) at any time



- Why does the City have a budget?
 - a) It's required under MN State Law
 - b) To ensure resources are allocated properly
 - c) To demonstrate transparency



- ☐ There are 2 primary budget categories
 - a) Restricted
 - b) Unrestricted
- ☐ There are 2 primary program/service categories
 - a) Property tax-supported
 - b) Non property tax-supported



- □ What role does the City Council & Staff play with the Budget?
 - a) City Council *establishes* the Budget
 - b) City Staff *manages* the Budget



Section 1: General overview of the Budget:

□ Before we move on to Section 2 . . . Any Questions?



Section 2: Discussion on the Budget Process:

- ☐ The Budget process has 5 major components:
 - a) Citizen/Stakeholder input (community visioning, citizen survey, budget hearings)
 - b) Long-term planning (Council goal-setting, strategic plan, CIP)
 - c) Operational planning (budget priorities, program priorities)
 - d) Short-term planning (annual budget, work plans)
 - e) Results monitoring (financial reviews, performance measurement)

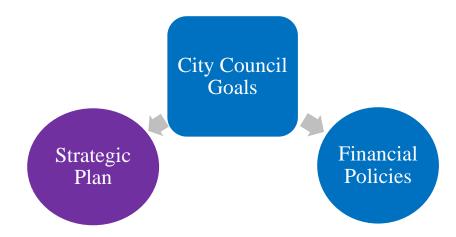


Section 2: Discussion on the Budget Process:



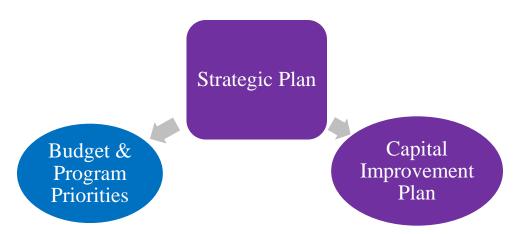


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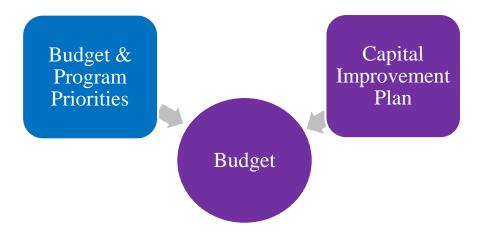


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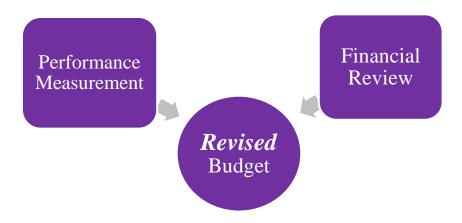


Section 2: Discussion on the Budget Process:





Section 2: Discussion on the Budget Process:





Section 2: Discussion on the Budget Process:

□ Before we move on to Section 3 . . . Any Questions?



Section 3: Determining Budget Priorities:

- ☐ City Council begins by reviewing long-term budget goals
- □ Comprehensive assessment of capital replacement needs
- □ City Staff presents operational challenges and opportunities
- □ City Council determines higher-priority and lower-priority budget needs and sets budget targets accordingly
- ☐ City Staff presents a *recommended* Budget



Section 3: Determining Budget Priorities:

- ☐ After the *recommended* Budget is presented, a budget hearing is held to solicit citizen/stakeholder input
- ☐ City Council reflects on citizen/stakeholder input and any new information that is available.
- ☐ Last step . . . City Council adopts the final budget



Section 3: Determining Budget Priorities:

□ Before we move on to Section 4 . . . Any Questions?



Section 4: Summary of the 2015 Budget:

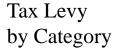
- □ 2015 citywide Budget is \$52 million
- □ 2015 property tax-supported budget is \$26 million ** (50% of total)

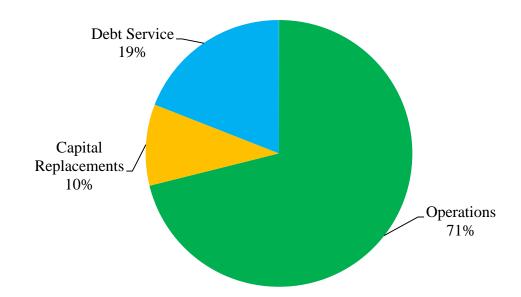
** 2015 property tax is \$18.3 million. Remainder is funded by other sources



- ☐ How is the Budget allocated? (Top 6 categories)
 - a) 32% Water & Sewer
 - b) 17% Public Safety
 - c) 8% Capital replacements
 - d) 7% Parks & Recreation
 - e) 7% Debt Payments
 - f) 5% Streets & Pathways



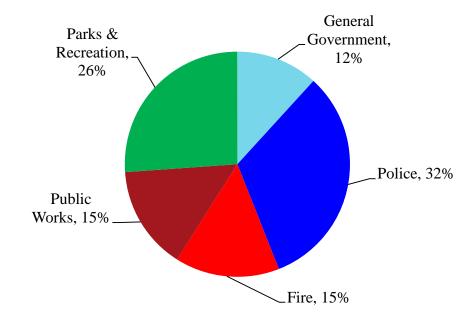






Section 4: Summary of the 2015 Budget:

Tax Levy by Function





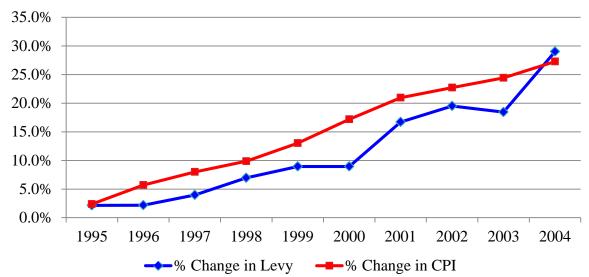
- □ 2015 citywide Budget is \$52 million.
 - a) Question: How does this compare to previous years? Is the City spending responsibly?
- Over the past 5 years, *operational* spending for core services (police, fire, streets, parks & recreation) has increased 2% per year
- ☐ If we include *capital* core service spending has increased <u>4% per year</u> . . . In other words, we're currently in a reinvestment period which requires higher spending



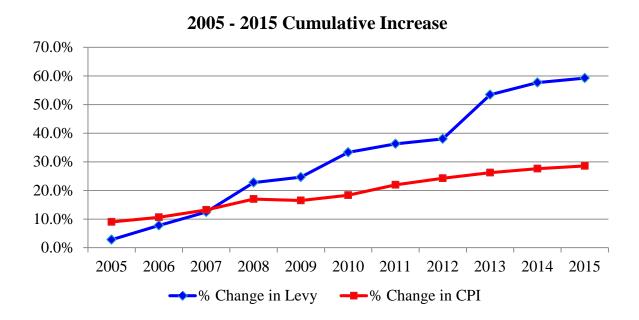
- □ 2015 property tax levy is \$18.3 million.
 - a) Question: How does this compare to previous years?
 - b) Answer: To provide the complete picture, we must look back 20 years













- □ Question: What did we learn from the past 20 years of imposing property taxes?
 - a) We affirmed that cities, including Roseville, move in cycles . . .
 - b) Emergence & Growth period (1950's 1970's)
 - c) Stabilization period (1970's 1990's)
 - d) Reinvestment period (2000's ???)



- □ Question: What did we learn from the past 20 years of imposing property taxes?
 - a) Infrastructure is expensive and eventually requires reinvestment
 - b) The longer you delay reinvestment, the more abrupt the impact will be
 - c) Establishing a City's unique identity requires *added* investment



- □ Question: What can we do to reduce property taxes?
 - a) Identify non-tax revenue sources (** this effort is on-going)
 - b) Foster innovation, create efficiencies (this too is on-going)
 - c) Reduce or eliminate programs and services . . . but which ones?
 - d) Public Safety? Streets? Parks & Recreation?



- ☐ How is my utility bill impacted by the Budget?
 - a) Roseville's water and sewer systems are 100% funded by water and sewer rates (fees that appear on your quarterly water & sewer bill)
 - b) Unlike other cities, Roseville does <u>not</u> use property taxes or special assessment to pay for these services



- ☐ Utility rate changes are driven by operating and capital replacement costs including:
 - a) Costs to purchase water from St. Paul
 - b) Wastewater treatment costs paid to the Met Council
 - c) Costs to maintain and replace water and sewer mains



- □ Budget challenges for 2016 & beyond:
 - a) Replacing assets at the end of their useful lives
 - b) Achieving financial sustainability for core services and programs
 - c) Establishing funding mechanisms for new initiatives



Section 4: Summary of the 2015 Budget:

□ Any questions?

Thank You

□ Next Sessions – Two sessions on May 28

□ Finance Department 5:30 p.m.

Property Tax 101 Understanding Your City Property Tax Bill

□ Police Department 6:30 p.m.

Identify Theft and Fraud; Substance Abuse



Thank You!

Chris Miller, Finance Director

Email: chris.miller@cityofroseville.com

Phone: 651-792-7031